

The Times-Dispatch.

Published Daily and Weekly

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THE TIMES-DISPATCH, Richmond, Va.

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SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1904.

The Farmville Normal.

We have several times stated in these columns that the Normal School at Farmville, the only training school for women teachers that we have in the State, does not rank in other States as an institution of the first-class. We stated the other day that the young State of California, with six first-class normal schools, had declined to enter the Farmville Normal School on its "accredited list," because the Virginia school does not come up to California's standard. It is mortifying to have to make such a statement as this, but it is best always to state the facts, and we have endeavored to impress upon the members of the Legislature the importance of making a liberal appropriation to the Farmville Normal. The management give assurance that if the Legislature will give them an appropriation of \$50,000 and increase the annuity to \$30,000, this school can be made first-class in every feature, and conducted first-class.

The Senate Finance Committee reported favorably on this appropriation, and we had hoped that the question was settled, but to our great disappointment, the House committee has cut the amount down to \$30,000. Here is a case, if there ever was one of "Penny wise and pound foolish." Why stint this institution? Why give it a half loaf? Why cut down the proposed appropriation to an amount which is less than the amount necessary to make the institution first-class? Ever since this school was established the Legislature has been doling out to it grudgingly small amounts from year to year, never giving it enough to put it well on its feet. But by the hard work and continued industry of its friends, the school has been improved from year to year, until now it lacks only \$50,000 of being a first-class institution. But for the sake of saving \$20,000 to the State, for the sake of saving an insignificant amount, which the State would never miss, it is proposed to do more patch work at the institution, and to keep it for two years longer, at least, out of the class of first-rate institutions.

It is too bad, and we cannot believe that the members generally will concur in this picaresque view of the House committee.

The Boys at Laurel.

The report of the Prison Association of Virginia (Charles Hutzler, Esq., president), just made public, covers the years 1902 and 1903.

This is the organization that controls the white boys' reformatory at Laurel, in Henrico county, and which is doing an excellent work. It cares for from one hundred and fifty to one hundred and seventy-five boys, most of whom are committed to its charge by the courts. But some boys are also boarded there by their parents, in order to receive the discipline which the institution affords. The method of reclamation pursued at Laurel is to give the boys work to do "in an atmosphere of moral purity, surrounded by comforts at least equal to those from which they have been separated." The Sloyd System of manual training is enforced under a competent and experienced instructor, and the president reports that "the rapidity of development and the interest and delight of the pupils are far beyond the management's expectation." In the shop there are ten double benches and two lathes, where twenty-two boys receive instruction every morning and an equal number in the afternoon. "The celebrity with which the boys acquire skill in this department is almost marvelous." We are told that the experience of other institutions in this branch of labor shows that the boys who pursue the course for two years can readily obtain employment at ten and twelve dollars per week. A greenhouse plant has also been established recently, and there instruction in floriculture will be given to a limited number of boys. It is expected that this will be ready for spring planting. It is also expected to introduce several other branches of manual labor, so that the reformatory may "give to each of its boys an opportunity to acquire some trade that will command a place in the army of skilled labor whenever he is returned to the ranks of citizenship."

While all this is being done "for the physical side," Mr. Hutzler reports that there is no neglect of spiritual teaching. Their aim is to bring "three steady streams to bear upon the fire that threatens to consume the material which they are endeavoring to save. These streams are conveyed along the channels of mental, moral and physical instruction. Religious influences are constantly employed to elevate the moral susceptibility. Our school for teaching the elementary branches is well equipped and is doing good work. Our manual training and farm work, in their several branches, occupy the other field." Many improvements have been made recently in the condition of the buildings and work-shops. Thanks are given to the General

Assembly for an appropriation, which enabled the institution to make these improvements.

The Laurel Reformatory, from a small beginning, has become an important factor in the reclamation of refractory boys, most of whom, but for its existence, would be in the jails of the cities and counties of the State. Associated with Mr. Hutzler in this good work are many citizens, who are prominent in business and professional life, and most of whom take intense interest in the duties they have assumed.

What the Laurel Reformatory is doing for white boys, the Hanover Reformatory, near Hanover Courthouse, is doing for colored boys. They are commendable institutions, and mark a noble advance in Virginia penology.

Daniel's Great Speech. Senator Daniel made a great speech on Thursday evening at the banquet given by the Virginia Democratic Association in Washington. His new definition of Democracy was first rate. "True Democracy," said he, "means not getting too much from the government, but keeping the government from getting too much from you." Our government was founded upon that principle. It was never designed by the founders that the government should help any man or set of men to get along in business. The whole design of government, as conceived by our forefathers, was to give each and every man the same chance to get along, to protect each man in his liberty, and in his personal and property rights; but after that, to throw him upon his own resources, and, without help or hindrance from government, leave him free to work out his own salvation, as Mr. Jefferson put it, "by his own brain and brawn." It was in that way that American manhood, independent, self-reliant manhood, was developed, and any policy of government which tends in any other direction is radically un-American.

Senator Daniel also said, in speaking of the forthcoming campaign, that we should put into our next platform the things on which we are all agreed, and leave out the things over which there is disagreement, and he added that the Democratic party should be too big to be governed by one man.

That also is good Democratic sense, and it is well enough to recall, in this connection, that during his recent visit to Richmond, the Hon. William J. Bryan said, in reply to a question, that he regarded Senator John W. Daniel as the greatest man and ablest statesman in the United States.

Clean the Streets.

We observe that the newspapers of several cities are calling upon the public authorities to clean the streets with more than usual care and thoroughness. It is stated that the cold weather and the snow and the consequent inattention, in many cases, to street cleaning demand that more than usual energy shall be displayed in this work at this time.

Such a course might be advantageously pursued in Richmond as in most other American towns. It is noticeable that many alleys and streets are in need of attention from the men who wield the broom and shovel.

It was inevitable that the work of street cleaning should fall behind during the prolonged and unusual cold weather that we have had, and it is very desirable that there should be a general washing off and brushing up before Richmond begins to feel the heat of the spring and summer.

At Des Moines, Iowa, the phonograph has been introduced into politics. Till and Prouty are the names of two men who are candidates for the Republican nomination for Congress, and Mr. Prouty, finding it impossible to speak at more than one place each day or night, has talked his speech into a phonograph, and now several of these machines are set up in different sections of the city. There they pour out their eloquence to listening and admiring audiences. It is said the novelty of the thing attracts crowds, and that, thus, Mr. Prouty is able to reach the ears of people who otherwise never would come under the spell of his oratory.

Memphis, Tenn., has organized a "250,000 club." The object of it is to strive to build up the city so that it shall have a population of 250,000 in 1910. Twenty thousand people are expected to wear club buttons, showing that the wearers are "boosters" of the city. The buttons will cost \$1 apiece, and the proceeds from their sale will be used by the Industrial League in advertising Memphis and in encouraging new enterprises to locate there.

The idea is a new one and a good one, too, it would seem.

There are other cities besides Memphis which probably would profit by such an experiment.

It is said that the British government is about to take the initiative in bringing about an international agreement for the protection of those persons who, after a battle go to work upon the battlefield to mitigate the sufferings of wounded horses. The president of the French republic, the Queen of the Netherlands, and the Kaiser are among those who have expressed their warm approval of this new movement. It is proposed to put the veterinarians and their assistants upon the same footing, as non-combatants, as surgeons, nurses and ambulance men.

The death in Baltimore is announced of Mrs. Henrietta English, who was the daughter of Governor Joseph Johnson, the first Chief Executive of Virginia by popular vote. She was born in Virginia, but for the past thirty years had made her home in Baltimore.

The spitting ordinance is being rigidly enforced in New York. Justice Barlow, of the Tombs Court, has instructed the police to bring in the spit-knobs as well as boys and laborers.

Now that Mr. Cleveland has denied that he entertained a negro at lunch, we suppose that the New York Evening Post will stop running him for another term in the White House.

At any rate the charge of race suicide is not applicable to Joseph P. Smith, the high priest of Mormonism in Utah.

BLAZING CAR IN MIDDLE OF TRAIN

Spectacular Scene in Fulton When Newport News Freight Pulled in Last Night.

The 10:15 Chesapeake and Ohio freight from Newport News pulled into the Orleans Street yards in Fulton last night with a flaming box car in its midst, casting curious shadows along the tracks and byways as it sped by.

The car was filled with wood pulp, which is very inflammable. It is possible that the fire was started by some careless tramp stealing a ride. The car was in a light blaze when it reached the yards, and there was considerable danger of a communication of the flames to the entire train. After steady shifting manoeuvres, however, the blazing car was gotten on to a sidetrack and a still alarm was sent in to the Richmond department. The fire was one of the most spectacular ever seen in Fulton. The car with its contents was entirely consumed.

SOLD FAMILY TO BROTHER

(By Associated Press.) NORFOLK, Va., March 4.—When John Outlaw, of Currituck county, N. C., became tired of his wife and two children some weeks ago, he sold the trio, together with all his love and affection for them, to his brother, Jerome Outlaw. He received in exchange for the family, this matter was reported to the authorities, and warrants were sworn out. The trial occurred at Currituck. It developed the fact that John Outlaw did not think there was anything wrong in the affair. Neither did Mrs. Outlaw nor Jerome Outlaw.

When John Outlaw became aware that there was a possibility of the transaction being annulled by court, he gathered up his fishing nets and decamped. Jerome and Mrs. Outlaw were found guilty of disorderly conduct, but as the children are dependent upon the couple for support, no penalty was inflicted.

CONVENE NEXT WEEK.

Dey-Trehy Contest to be Settled. State Convention.

Mr. Robert Gilliam, of Petersburg; Hon. A. D. Watkins, of Prince Edward, and Mr. Lloyd T. Smith, of Northumberland, constituting the subcommittee, will convene in Norfolk next Tuesday to resume and conclude the taking of depositions in the Dey-Trehy contest. Colonel George C. Cabell, Jr., of Norfolk, is quoted as saying that he had received notice of the reconvening of the subcommittee. It is presumed that he will be notified. The subcommittee will now have to hear only the testimony of the contestants, and this will take very little time. It is probable that the hearing will be completed before the committee, but the subcommittee will soon be able to report to the fully committee.

As soon as this is done, the State Central Committee will meet in this city to receive and act on the report of the trio named. At this meeting plans will be made for the calling of the State Convention. The three points to be settled are as to the time, the place and the number of delegates or basis of representation.

FARMERS' MEETING.

Gathering Intended to be Repeated Once a Month.

Quite a large meeting of farmers was held in Ashland Thursday, at which Commissioner of Agriculture G. W. Kolmer made a most interesting address. It is probable that some such meeting, which will bring the farmers of the county together, will be held monthly in Ashland. As the monthly "court day" is now a thing of no account, an effort may be made to provide some means of bringing the farmers together, so that the benefits derived under the old court system may not be entirely lost. Commissioner Kolmer was invited to address the meeting Thursday, and he made a most interesting talk on subjects of vital interest to the farmers. His address was very instructive, and the commissioner's remarks were the closest attention during his remarks.

PROTESTING DEALERS.

Ice Men and Merchants Have Not Got Together.

The opponents of the so-called ice trust met again yesterday afternoon at Sanger Hall and made a further protest against the proposed increase in prices for ice.

No definite agreement with the ice people was made. In the meantime the committee of dealers will continue along the line laid out by them, and it is a reasonable time the ice men do not come to their terms or meet them at a reasonable distance, the dealers will erect their own ice house or plant.

The dealers yesterday pledged themselves to invest a considerable sum, provided it became necessary. They appear to be in the "protest" for keeps.

CURRY STILL MISSING.

His Wife is Very Much Concerned About Him.

Nothing has yet been heard by the wife of Charles B. Curry about her husband, who disappeared some time ago. Neither has a brother, Joseph Curry, been heard from. Both men have been away some time. Mrs. Curry is very much concerned and is anxious to hear from her husband. She lives at No. 302 East Main Street.

COAST LINE STRIKE NOW DECLARED OFF

(By Associated Press.) WILMINGTON, N. C., March 4.—In a circular issued March 29, President John T. Wilson, of the International Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees, calls off the strike of the Atlantic Coast Line Railway, the men attributing the failure of the strike to the majority of the employees who disregarded the orders of their leaders and returned to work.

KILL THE DANDRUFF GERM.

Or Your Hair Will Fall Out Till You Become Bald.

Modern science has discovered that dandruff is caused by a germ that digs up the scalp in scales, as it burrows down to the roots of the hair, where it destroys the hair's vitality, causing falling hair, and ultimately baldness. After Professor Uina, of Hamburg, Germany, discovered the dandruff germ, all efforts to find a remedy failed until a laboratory discovery was made which resulted in Newbro's Herpicide. It alone of all other hair preparations kills the dandruff germ. Without dandruff, hair grows luxuriantly. Destroy the cause, you remove the effect. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich. Owens and Minor Drug Co., Special Agents.



Lowney's Chocolate Bonbons

Every Package Warranted!

If you buy Lowney's Candies in the original sealed packages you will find them in perfect condition, or money refunded.

"Sour Cream" 1 lb. 50c; 1/2 lb. 25c.
"American Beauties" 1 lb. 50c; 1/2 lb. 25c.
"Pinks," "Pansies" 1 lb. 50c; 1/2 lb. 25c.
"Golfers" 1 lb. 50c; 1/2 lb. 25c.
"Colonial Dames" 1 lb. 50c; 1/2 lb. 25c.
"Chocolate Peppermint" 1 lb. 50c; 1/2 lb. 25c.
"Chocolate Almonds" 1 lb. 50c; 1/2 lb. 25c.
"Chocolate Molasses Brittle" 1 lb. 50c; 1/2 lb. 25c.

Lowney's Packages are Full Weight.

SENATOR GORMAN WILL RETIRE

(Continued from First Page.)

cussed the situation to-day with characteristic frankness in the course of a conversation with The Times-Dispatch correspondent.

"Judge Parker is the strongest candidate that could be nominated," he said. "There are many who seek to answer you when you advocate the nomination of Parker by asking 'Who is Parker?'"

"I recall how the Whigs in 1852 sought to belittle the candidacy of Franklin Pierce by asking 'Who is Pierce?'" inposed Representative John Lamb, who is also for the nomination of Judge Parker.

"All we know about Judge Parker is to his credit," Mr. Hay continued. "He has always been loyal to the Democratic party, and in several campaigns in New York he has been the leading figure on the Democratic side. The people of the State elected him to the office of Chief Justice by a large majority in a Republican year, and his course on the bench has elicited the applause of all the people, irrespective of party. I believe that if the party gets together and nominates Judge Parker he will be inaugurated President of the United States one year from to-day."

VIRGINIANS FAVOR PARKER. The members of the Virginia delegation, for some reason are slow to declare their preference for the nomination. It is understood that all of them favor the nomination of Judge Parker, but Mr. Hay stated that all who have said so.

Senator Daniel and Senator Martin have not given any intimation as to their preferences. It is thought they are disposed to prefer Judge Parker, though there is no authority for declaring them Parker men.

The assertion is frequently made that the representatives from the South should take the initiative and declare for a candidate and so far as possible, agree upon the outlines of a platform. The majority of the votes a candidate of the Democratic party for the presidency will receive if he is elected will be cast by Southern people, and it is regarded as only fair that the people of that section should select the candidates. Governor Montague has said something to this effect more than once in the course of the past two or three years, and always it has elicited the commendation of Democrats in the North as well as the South.

There is a growing belief in the South that the man, and then endorse him, but that the naming should be done by the South and the endorsing by New York.

CAUSED SURPRISE.

The Wedding of Prof. Palmer to Miss Steadman.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) GREENSBORO, N. C., March 4.—There was great surprise here this morning when it was learned that Miss Kate Steadman, of this city, and Professor Alired Palmer, organist of the Episcopal Church here, were quietly married by Rev. Dr. Hall, of the Episcopal Church, at Danville, yesterday afternoon, and had gone to Kalamazoo, Mich., where Palmer holds a position in the college there, as told in to-day's Times-Dispatch.

Miss Steadman is a very beautiful and accomplished woman, the only daughter of Major and Mrs. Charles M. Steadman, of Greensboro, and she has many friends. Professor Palmer came here from England last November, and has been the organist of the choir of St. Barnabas Episcopal Church, besides having a large class in vocal and instrumental music. He is a magnificent musician and a most attractive man.

Only last Tuesday he announced that he had received such a flattering offer from the college at Greensboro, he felt constrained to accept it, but there was no hint whatever that his trip there would be a bridal one. It is learned that there was no objection whatever to the marriage, the parties themselves preferring to be married in Danville and without ostentation.

Major Steadman, father to the bride, is one of the most prominent candidates now to be race for Governor of North Carolina, and this fact gives the marriage more than usual importance.

KILLED ON THE EVE OF HIS WEDDING

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) CHARLOTTE, N. C., March 4.—A special train from Wilmington to-day says William Branch, freight conductor on the Atlantic Coast Line, was crushed to death between cars at Kissimmee, Fla., early last night. Mr. Branch was from a well-known family of this city.

One very sad feature in connection with his death, was that he was to have been married in two weeks to a young lady of Wilmington. He remains arrived in Wilmington tonight.

Dwyer Matched With Reinecke. Professor Dwyer has accepted the challenge of Charles Reinecke, of Baltimore, the champion wrestler of the South. The match is to take place on the 19th at the Academy.

OBITUARY.

Reuben Gornito.

Reuben Gornito died at his residence, No. 97 North Twenty-seventh Street, yesterday morning at 8:30 o'clock. He

leaves a son, Joseph, a daughter, Mebel, and a stepson, Herbert Bennett. The funeral will be from the residence at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon, and the body will be taken to Baltimore for burial.

William B. Davidson.

The remains of William B. Davidson, father of J. C. Davidson, ex-Mayor of Baltimore, were laid to rest in Baltimore yesterday.

Mr. Davidson was a native of the State of Virginia, where he was born on August 20, 1835. He was the son of Mr. Archer Davidson, a prominent planter of Charlotte county, and it was here that the early days of his life were spent. About thirty-five years ago Mr. Davidson moved to Baltimore and engaged in the insurance business, and was at the time of his death still prominently identified with the Maryland Life Insurance Company, with which he had been connected for a number of years. Before coming to Baltimore to live, and while still a resident of the State of Virginia, Mr. Davidson married Miss Anna B. Johns, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joel Johns, of Virginia. Mr. Davidson died several years ago, leaving three children, all of whom survive their father. They are Mrs. Oscar Wolf, Miss Louise Davidson and ex-Mayor Robert C. Davidson.

Funeral Services.

The funeral of Mrs. S. J. Willis will be from Fairmount Baptist Church to-morrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

The remains of Robert L. Mary will be buried from the home No. 800 Jessamine Street, this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The burial will be in Oakwood. Rev. R. A. Goodwin will conduct the services.

The funeral of Charles L. Davis will take place from the First Baptist Church this afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Mrs. M. C. Stearnes, who died at 8 o'clock yesterday morning, will be buried from the residence, No. 5 North 18th Street, at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Charles W. Harton.

(By Associated Press.) MINERAL, Va., March 4.—Charles W. Harton, formerly of Richmond, but recently of this place, died suddenly tonight of heart failure. He had been a long and trusted engineer of the Chesapeake and Ohio for more than twenty years and by reason of failing health had located here, where he was employed as an engineer on the shifting engine.

He had within the past year erected a beautiful residence and was most happily situated in the comforts of home. He leaves a wife and three small children.

Mr. Harton was a resident of Richmond until a few months ago and had a wide circle of friends here. He was a member of Emmanuel Baptist Church until his removal from the city. He was the youngest of six brothers. Those surviving are Messrs. H. W. D. G. W. and R. G. Harton, of this city, and P. H. Harton, of Philadelphia. The remains will be brought to Richmond, probably to-morrow afternoon for burial. The time of the funeral has not been fixed as yet.

Mrs. S. B. Bell.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) IVON, Va., March 4.—Mrs. Sallie B. Bell, of this place, died here suddenly Wednesday, as a result of a severe stroke of paralysis. This community suffers a great loss in her death. She was one of the best of women, and was fully prepared for the change.

Miss Elizabeth Holmes.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) FREDERICKSBURG, Va., March 4.—Miss Elizabeth Holmes was found dead in her bed a few mornings ago, at the home of her relative, Mr. R. L. Pendleton, in Stafford county. She was seventy-nine years old, and is supposed to have died of heart disease.

George Pemberton.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) STAFFORD, Va., March 4.—Mr. George Pemberton died at the residence of his brother Daniel Pemberton here last night, aged forty years. Mr. Pemberton had been in the thriving business in this city for years. He is survived by one brother and three sisters—Miss Mary Pemberton, Mrs. John Moore, Mrs. William Yeager and Mr. Daniel Pemberton.

Mrs. J. H. Rockwell.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) LURAY, Va., March 4.—An announcement has been received in Luray of the death in Ivorton, Conn., of Mrs. J. H. Rockwell, daughter of Mrs. Laura G. Shenk, postmistress at Kimball, this county, aged thirty-seven.

Mrs. J. H. Fleet.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) LURAY, Va., March 4.—Mrs. J. H. Fleet, an aged lady of this county, died at her home near Rileville, ten miles north of Luray, last night.

Waverly Lynn.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) PETERSBURG, Va., March 4.—Information has been received of the death at the Eastern State Hospital at Williamsburg, Va., of Waverly Lynn, of Petersburg, who was recently committed to the institution.

DEATHS.

ANDERSON.—Died, on Monday, February 29th, Mrs. MARY W. ANDERSON, of Hanover county, Va., in the seventy-third year of her age.

Farewell, dear children, lament no more; I am not lost, but gone before; Behold this place in which I lie, For once you are no more; My time has come and I am gone, To leave you thus all forlorn.

CHANDLER.—Died, at his residence, 739 West Broad Street, March 4, 1904, at 11:30 A. M. CHANDLER, in the sixty-sixth year of his age. Decceased was formerly of Petersburg. Burial will take place from Park Place Church SUNDAY, March 6th, at 3:30 P. M. Interment Oakwood.

DAMON.—Died, at his residence, in Chesterfield county, Thursday, March 3, 1904, at 10:30 A. M. LOUIS T. DAMON, in the seventy-second year of his age. Burial from his late residence THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock.

ELLIS.—Died, suddenly Friday, March 4th, at her residence, on Creighton Road, Mrs. S. J. ELLIS, wife of the late WM. G. ELLIS, in the seventy-fifth year of her age. Burial SUNDAY at 3:30 at Fairmount Baptist Church.

GARY.—Died, at his residence, No. 500 Jessamine Street, at 4 P. M. MORTIMER GARY, in the forty-third year of his age. Burial will take place from the residence THIS (Saturday) AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

GORTNO.—Died, March 4, 1904, at 8:30 o'clock at his residence, 917 N. Twenty-seventh Street, REUBEN GORTNO.

STEARNS.—Died, at the residence of Mrs. Virginia Britton, No. N. Sixth Street, at 8 P. M. MARY M. STEARNS. Burial from the Second Baptist Church TO-DAY at 4:30 P. M.

BELASTON

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Popple

MARINE

15¢ EACH

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Some cheap brands may raise the dough, yet contain unwholesome ingredients.

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U. S. GOVERNMENT ANALYSTS, THE HIGHEST AUTHORITIES ON HYGIENE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD, THE BEST HOUSEKEEPERS EVERYWHERE—

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POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Elliot Norton.

No. 124.

IN AFTER DAYS.

Henry Austin Dobson was born at Plymouth, Eng., January 18, 1850. After completing his education in many he entered the British civil service as a clerk in the Board of Trade, remaining there as clerk, first-class clerk and principal from 1875 to 1891. He published his first volume of poems in 1875, and followed it by others in 1880, 1885, 1890, 1895, 1900, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029,